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RF Exposure Safety Statement

This Radio has been tested and complies with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) RF exposure limits for Occupational Use/Controlled exposure environment. In addition, it complies with the following Standards and Guidelines:

- **FCC@96-326**, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio-Frequency Radiation.

⚠️ **WARNING** ⚠️

This radio generates RF electromagnetic energy during transmit mode. This radio is designed for and classified as Occupational Use Only, meaning it must be used only during the course of employment by individuals aware of the hazards, and the ways to minimize such hazards. This radio is not intended for use by the General Population in an uncontrolled environment.

⚠️ **CAUTION** ⚠️

To ensure that your exposure to RF electromagnetic energy is within the FCC allowable limits for occupational use, always adhere to the following guidelines:

**SAFETY INFORMATION**

This radio is NOT approved for use by the general population in an uncontrolled environment. This radio is restricted to occupational use, work-related operations only where the radio operator must have the knowledge to control its RF exposure conditions.

- When transmitting, hold the radio in a vertical position with its microphone 1 to 2 inches (2.5 to 5 cm) away from your mouth and keep the antenna at least 1 inch (2.5cm) away from your head and body.
- The radio must be used with a maximum operating duty cycle not exceeding 50%, in typical Push-to-Talk (Manual PTT or VOX) configurations. DO NOT transmit for more than 50% of total radio use time (50% duty cycle). Transmitting more than 50% of the time can cause FCC RF exposure compliance requirements to be exceeded.
  The radio is transmitting when the red LED on the front panel of the radio is illuminated. You can cause the radio to transmit by pressing the PTT button or by speaking into the microphone if using the optional VC-24 VOX accessory.
- Only use the Standard Horizon accessories designed for this product detailed on Page 6.
Congratulations on your purchase of the **HX370S**! Whether this is your first portable marine VHF transceiver, or if you have other STANDARD HORIZON equipment, the STANDARD HORIZON organization is committed to ensuring your enjoyment of this high-performance transceiver, which should provide you with many years of satisfying communications even in the harshest of environments. STANDARD HORIZON technical support personnel stand behind every product we sell, and we invite you to contact us, should you require technical advice or assistance, at (800)767-2450.

We appreciate your purchase of the **HX370S**, and encourage you to read this manual thoroughly, so as to learn and understand the capabilities of the **HX370S** fully.

### ABOUT VHF MARINE RADIO

The radio frequencies used in the VHF marine band lie between 156 and 158 MHz with some shore stations available between 161 and 163 MHz. The marine VHF band provides communications over distances that are essentially “line of sight” (VHF signals do not travel well through objects such as buildings, hills or trees). Actual transmission range depends much more on antenna type, gain and height than on the power output of the transmitter. The approximate distance a portable 5W radio may communicate is about 5 miles in if there are no obstructions (buildings, hills etc.) restricting line of sight transmission.

### ABOUT LMR CHANNELS

The **HX370S** is capable of PC programming 40 LMR (Land Mobile Radio) channels by a dealer. The frequency range is 137 to 174MHz which may be setup for 25kHz (wide) or 12.5kHz (narrow) channel stepping with CTCSS and DCS signaling. Contact your dealer or Standard Horizon Product Support (800-767-2450) for further details.
FCC RADIO LICENSE INFORMATION

Standard Horizon radios comply with the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) requirements that regulate the Maritime Radio Service.

PROHIBITED COMMUNICATIONS
The FCC prohibits the following communications:

- False distress or emergency messages:
- Messages to “any boat” except in emergencies and radio tests;
- Messages to or from a vessel on land;
- Transmission while on land;
- Obscene, indecent, or profane language (potential fine of $10,000).

STATION LICENSE
An FCC ship station license is no longer required for any vessel traveling in U.S. waters which uses a VHF marine radio, RADAR or EPIRB, and which is not required to carry radio equipment. FCC license forms, including applications for ship (506) and land station licenses can be downloaded via the Internet at www.fcc.gov/formpage.html. To obtain a form from the FCC, call (888) 225-5322.

RADIO CALL SIGN
Currently the FCC does not require recreational boaters to have a Ship Radio Station License. The USCG recommends the boat’s registration number and the state to be used.

CANADIAN SHIP STATION LICENSING
You may need a license when traveling in Canada. If you do need a license contact their nearest field office or regional office or write:

Industry Canada
Radio Regulatory Branch
Attn: DOSP
300 Slater Street
Ottawa, Ontario
Canada, KIA 0C8
FCC/INDUSTRY CANADA INFORMATION

The following data pertaining to the transceiver is necessary to fill out the license application.

FCC Type Accepted .............................................................. Part 80/Part 90
Output Power with FNB-83/-V57IS ... 1 W (Low), 2.5 W (Mid), and 5 W (High)
Emission ............................................................... 16K0G3E (Marine: Wide)
                                             16K0F3E (LMR: Wide)
                                             11K0F3E (LMR: Narrow)
Frequency Range .......................... 156.025 to 157.425 MHz (Marine Band)
                                             137 to 174 MHz (LMR Band)
FCC Type Number .............................................................K6630083220
Industry Canada Type Approval ........................................... 511B-30083220

FCC NOTICE

Unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment may void compliance with FCC Rules. Any change or modification must be approved in writing by STANDARD HORIZON, the Marine Division of VERTEX STANDARD.

NOTICE

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

• Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
• Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
• Consult the dealer or an experienced marine electronics technician for help.
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The HX370S is a submersible, miniature 5-Watt portable two-way VHF marine transceiver. The transceiver has all allocated USA, international, or Canadian channels. It has an emergency channel 16 which can be immediately selected from any channel by pressing the 16/9 key. NOAA weather channels can also be accessed immediately by pressing the WX key.

Besides VHF marine transceiver operation, the HX370S provides LMR (Land Mobile Radio) transceiver operation.

The transceiver includes the following features: Memory Scanning, Programmable Priority Scanning, NOAA Weather Alert, Battery Saver, easy-to-read large LCD display, EEPROM memory back-up, Battery Life displayed on LCD, and a transmit Time-Out Timer (TOT).

The transmitter provides a maximum of 5 Watts output, and has the selection of 2.5 Watts and 1 Watt to assist the user in ensuring maximum battery life.

The optional FVP-31 Voice Scrambler can be installed to permit secure voice communications with other STANDARD HORIZON radios with the FVP-31 scramblers installed.

### INTRINSIC SAFETY (IS) INFORMATION

The HX370S, equipped with any of the following optional units, meets the requirements of ANSI/UL 913 6th Edition for Class I, Division 1, Groups A-D; Class II, Groups E-G; and Class III for hazardous locations.

- Battery Pack: FNB-V57IS
- Speaker Microphones: CMP460
- Voice Scrambler Unit: FVP-31

○ Substitution of components may impair intrinsic safety.
2. ACCESSORIES

2.1 PACKING LIST (※ Depends on the transceiver version.)

When the package containing the transceiver is first opened, please check it for the following contents:

- **HX370S** Transceiver
- **FNB-83** 7.2 V, 1400 mAh Ni-MH Battery Pack
- **FNB-V57IS** 7.2 V, 1100 mAh Ni-Cd Battery Pack
- **NC-88B** 120 VAC Overnight Charger
- **CD-26** Charger Cradle
- **FBA-25A** Alkaline Battery Case (Except for IS version)
- **CAT460** Antenna
- **E-DC-19A** DC Cable with 12 V Cigarette Lighter Plug (Except for IS version)
- **CLIP-14** Belt Clip with screw
- **Owner’s Manual**

2.2 OPTIONS (※※ Except for IS version.)

1. **CMP460** Noise-canceling Waterproof Speaker/Microphone
2. **MH-57A4B** Mini Speaker/Microphone
3. **VC-24** VOX Headset
4. **VC-27** Earpiece/Microphone
5. **CT-32** Clone Cable
6. **FVP-31** Voice Scrambler
7. **CD-26** Charger Cradle
8. **FBA-25A** Alkaline Battery Case
9. **FNB-83** 7.2 V, 1400 mAh Ni-MH Battery Pack
10. **E-DC-6** DC Cable; plug and wire only
11. **NC-88B/C/U** 120/230 VAC Overnight Charger
12. **E-DC-19A** DC Cable with 12 V Cigarette Lighter Plug

**Note**: Before operating the **HX370S** for the first time, it is recommended that the battery be charged.

The following optional units are not available for intrinsically safe use, because they do not have an IS rating. If any of the optional units listed below is used with the **HX370S**, the radio is no longer intrinsically safe, and must not be used in hazardous locations.

- **Battery Pack**: FNB-83
- **Alkaline Battery Tray**: FBA-25A
- **DC Cable**: E-DC-19A, E-DC-6
- **Microphone/Headset**: MH-57A4B, VC-24, VC-27
3. BATTERY

The FNB-83 and FNB-V57IS (intrinsically Safe Version) are high performance rechargeable battery providing high capacity in a compact package.

Note: FNB-83 is supplied with the HX370S and the FNB-V57IS is supplied with the HX370AS only.

CAUTION

To avoid risk of explosion and injury, FNB-83/FNB-V57IS battery pack should only be removed, charged or recharged in non-hazardous environments.

3.1 BATTERY CHARGING

If the radio has never been used, or its charge is depleted, it may be charged by connecting the NC-88 battery charger (see figure 2 on page 8). If 12V DC power is available, the optional E-DC-6 or the E-DC-19A DC adapter with cigarette plug may be used for charging the battery. The NC-88, E-DC-6 and E-DC-19A will charge a completely discharged FNB-83/FNB-V57IS battery pack in about 10 hours.

3.2 BATTERY REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

1. Turn the transceiver off.
2. To remove, open the Battery Pack Latch on the bottom of the transceiver, then slide the battery downward and out from the transceiver.
3. To install, insert the battery pack into the battery compartment on the back of the transceiver, then close the Battery Pack Latch until it locks in place with a “click.”

Important Notice

To avoid the ingress of water between the transceiver body and battery pack/case, close the Battery Pack Latch until it locks in place with a “click” while pressing and holding the battery pack/case in toward the top panel (secure the upper edge of the battery pack/case snugly against the upper edge of the battery nest).
3.3 USING THE NC-88 BATTERY CHARGER

1. Install the supplied FNB-83/FNB-V57IS battery pack on the rear of the HX370S. Ensure that the transceiver is switched off.

2. Plug the NC-88 Overnight Charger into the AC line outlet, then insert the cable plug into the jack located on the side panel of the CD-26 Charger Cradle.

3. Insert the transceiver and battery pack into the CD-26; the antenna jack should be at the left side when viewing the charger from the front.

4. If the transceiver and battery pack are inserted correctly, the Red indicator on the CD-26 will glow. A fully-discharged pack will be charged completely in 10 hours.

**WARNING**

- The FBA-25A was designed as a backup battery pack, and it can be used to power the transceiver if you are in an area that does not require the use of an intrinsically safe radio. The HX370SAS is only intrinsically safe with the use of the FNB-V57IS battery pack.

- Do not reverse-connect the battery terminals.

- Do not parallel-connect the battery terminals.

- Do not change batteries in hazardous locations.

- To reduce the risk of explosion, recharge the batteries outside of hazardous locations.

- Do not connect/disconnect the E-DC-19A or E-DC-6 DC Cables in a hazardous location.

**Important Notes:**

- The NC-88 is not designed to power the transceiver for operation (reception or transmission).

- Do not leave the charger connected to the transceiver for continuous periods in excess of 24 hours. Long term overcharging can degrade the Ni-MH battery pack and significantly shorten its useful life.

- If using a charger other than the NC-88/CD-26, or if using a battery pack other than the FNB-83/FNB-V57IS, follow the appropriate instructions provided with the charger/battery. Contact your Dealer if you have any doubts about the appropriateness of the particular charger or battery pack you intend to use.
3.4 FBA-25A Waterproof Alkaline Battery Tray

FBA-25A is a battery case that holds six alkaline batteries and is used with the HX370S transceiver.

When installing batteries, insert the (–) end first, then press in the (+) end so the battery snaps into place. Always replace all six batteries at the same time, paying attention to the polarity indicated inside the case.

⚠️ The FBA-25A must not be used with rechargeable cells. The FBA-25A does not contain the thermal and over-current protection circuits (provided in the "FNB" series of Ni-MH Battery Packs) required when utilizing Ni-Cd and Ni-MH cells.

3.5 BATTERY SAFETY

Battery packs for your transceiver contain Ni-MH/Ni-Cd batteries. This type of battery stores a charge powerful enough to be dangerous if misused or abused, especially when removed from the transceiver. Please observe the following precautions:

DO NOT SHORT BATTERY PACK TERMINALS

Shorting the terminals that power to the transceiver can cause sparks, severe overheating, burns, and battery cell damage. If the short is of sufficient duration, it is possible to melt battery components. Do not place a loose battery pack on or near metal surfaces or objects such as paper clips, keys, tools, etc. When the battery pack is installed on the transceiver, the terminals that transfer current to the transceiver are not exposed.

DO NOT INCINERATE

Do not dispose of any battery in a fire or incinerator. The heat of fire may cause battery cells to explode and/or release dangerous gases.

⚠️ Caution ⚠️

Never short-circuit the connection terminals on the battery or charger!

CONTAINS NICKEL-METAL-HYDRIDE BATTERY.
MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.

CONTAINS NICKEL-Cadmium BATTERY.
MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.
4. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

NOTE

This section defines each control of the transceiver. For detailed operating instructions, refer to section 5 of this manual. Refer to Figure 3 for the location of the following controls, indicators, and connections.

Figure 3
Controls and Connectors

Maximum Input Voltage: 9 V DC
Maximum Input Current: 2 A
Maximum Input Power: 18 W
Maximum Internal Capacitance: 36.71 µF
Maximum Internal Inductance: 0.17 µH
4.1 CONTROLS AND CONNECTIONS

1. **POWER SWITCH/VOLUME CONTROL**
   Turns the transceiver on and off, and adjusts the volume.

2. **MIC/SP JACK**
   Accepts the optional CMP460, MH-57\textsubscript{A4B} speaker microphone or VC-24 VOX Headset. When this jack is used, the internal speaker is disabled.

   \textbf{Caution:}
   Do not allow the HX370S to become submerged in water while the plastic cover over the MIC/SP jack is removed.
   Do not remove/install the CMP460 or MH-57\textsubscript{A4B} speaker microphone, VC-24 VOX Headset, or VC-27 Earpiece Microphone in a hazardous location.

3. **Antenna Connector**
   The supplied CAT460 flexible antenna is attached here.

4. **PUSH-TO-TALK (PTT) SWITCH**
   Activates transmission.

5. **SQUELCH (SQL) SWITCH**
   Sets the point at which random noise on the channel does not activate the audio circuits but a received signal does. This point is called the Squelch threshold. Further adjustment of the squelch control will degrade the reception of wanted transmissions.

6. **BUSY/TX INDICATOR**
   This indicator glows green when a signal is being received and red when transmitting.
   When the Emergency feature is activated, this indicator blinks the internationally-recognized Morse Code “S.O.S” message.

7. **UP (▲) KEY**
   Used to select a desired channel. Each press increases the channel number. When held down, the channels increase continuously.

8. **DOWN (▼) KEY**
   Used to select a desired channel. Each press decreases the channel number. When held down, the channels decrease continuously.
16/9 KEY
Immediately recalls channel 16 from any channel location. Holding down this key recalls channel 9. The 16/9 key is also used to revert to the channel selected before pressing the 16/9 key.

Example: select Ch68, press 16/9 key (Ch16 appears), press the 16/9 key again and Ch68 is shown.

WX KEY
Immediately recalls the last-used NOAA Weather Channel from any channel location. Recalls the previously-selected working channel when the WX key is pressed again.
Secondary use: When the 16/9 key is held and the WX key is pressed, the radio will change modes between the USA, International, and Canadian channel bands.

H/L KEY
Toggles the transmitter power level between High (5 Watts), Medium (2.5 Watts), and Low (1 Watt) of output. Does not operate on “low power only” and transmission-inhibit channels.
When operating on Canadian channel 13, or USA channels 13 or 67, pressing this key momentarily toggles the power level from Low power to Medium or High power.
Hold down this key to lock the displayed channel functions (except the H/L, PTT, and SQL keys) so that they are not accidentally changed. The key lock symbol “on” will appear, to indicate that the functions are locked. Hold down until the key lock symbol “on” disappears to unlock the radio.

SCAN KEY
Starts scanning and Priority scanning of programmed channels. When scanning, press and hold this key to turn on and off Priority scan (P is shown on the left side of the display during Priority scanning).

PRESET KEY
Immediately recalls one of up to eight user preset memories for operation (shown as 1-8 on the LCD). Pressing this key repeatedly scrolls through the preset memory channels.

MEM KEY
Press to select a channel for scanning. Press this key again to delete a memorized channel. (“MEM” appears on the LCD display during memory operation).
4.2 INDICATORS

Channel Display
The operating channel is shown on the LCD in both the transmission and reception modes.

**A Indicator**
Signifies ship-to-ship channels in USA or Canadian mode (whose counterpart in the International mode is a public correspondence (marine operator) channel).

**USA/INTL/CAN Indicator**
Denotes the “band” of operation for the particular channel. “USA” indicates the USA band; “CAN” indicates the Canadian band; and “INTL” indicates the International band.

**H/M/L Indicators**
“H” indicates High power (5 Watts); “M” indicates Medium power (2.5 Watts); and “L” is for Low power (1 Watt). “Blank” in this location indicates a receive-only channel.

**P Indicator**
Ch16 Priority Scan is activated.

**DW Indicator**
Dual watch is activated.

**SCN Indicator**
Scan is activated.

**TX Indicator**
Appears during transmission.
WX Indicator
A NOAA weather channel is selected.

MEM Indicator
The channel is in the transceiver’s “Scan Memory.”

Battery Indicator
When the battery charge is almost depleted, a “🔋” icon will appear on the display. When this icon appears, it is recommended that you charge the battery soon.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No Icon</th>
<th>Enough battery power</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔋</td>
<td>Lower battery power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔋</td>
<td>Nearing depletion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔋 (Blinking)</td>
<td>Prepare to charge the battery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The battery indicator should be used only as a guide in charging the FNB-83/FNB-V57IS battery.

KEY Lock Indicator
When the “🔒” symbol is shown on the LCD, all keys are disabled except for the H/L, PTT and SQL keys.
5. OPERATION

5.1 INITIAL SETUP

1. Install the belt clip on the transceiver, if desired.
2. Install the battery pack on the transceiver (see figure 1 and section 3.2).
3. Install the antenna onto the transceiver.

NOTE

Water resistance of the transceiver is assured only when the battery pack and antenna are attached to the transceiver.

Installing the Quick Draw Belt Clip

1. Connect the hanger to the rear of the HX370S, with the notch pointing directly up, using the supplied screw (Figure 6-a).
   Use only the screw included with the clip to mount the clip to the back of the transceiver!
2. Clip the Quick Draw Belt Clip to your belt (Figure 6-b).
3. To install the HX370S into the Quick Draw Belt Clip, align the hanger with the Quick Draw Belt Clip and slide the HX370S into its slot until a click is heard.
4. To remove the HX370S from the Quick Draw Belt Clip, Rotate the HX370S 180 degrees, then slide the transceiver out from the Quick Draw Belt Clip (Figure 6-c).
5.2 RECEPTION
1. Turn the POWER/VOLUME CONTROL knob clockwise to turn the transceiver on.
2. Press the SQL key, then press the [▼] key until the SQL level is 00.
3. Turn up the POWER/VOLUME CONTROL knob until the noise or audio from the speaker is at a comfortable level.
4. Select a channel that has no signal being received (no one is transmitting on the channel) and where only noise is heard.
5. Press the SQL key, then press the [▲] key and stop immediately after the noise disappears. This condition is known as the “Squelch Threshold.” If the squelch is set to a higher level, weak signals may not be received.
6. To change channels, press the [▲] or [▼] key.
7. The LCD and keypad are illuminated for 5 seconds when any key is pressed. The lamp automatically turns off in 5 seconds.
8. To “lock” the channel so that it is not accidentally changed, hold down the H/L key for about one second. This locks the [▲] and [▼] buttons and all the front panel controls except the H/L, PTT and SQL keys. The “On” symbol will appear on the display to indicate that the keypad is locked. Hold down the H/L key for about one second to unlock the keys. The “On” symbol will disappear from the display.

LMR (Land Mobile Radio) Channels
The HX370S is capable of PC programming 40 LMR (Land Mobile Radio) channels by a dealer.

Contact your dealer or Standard Horizon Product Support (800-767-2450) for further details.
5.3 TRANSMISSION

NOTE

Never key the transceiver without an antenna connected, as this may cause damage to the transceiver.

1. Perform steps 1 through 7 of the RECEPTION discussion above.
2. Before transmitting, monitor the channel and make sure it is clear.
   **THIS IS AN FCC REQUIREMENT!**
3. For communications over short distances, press the H/L key until “L” is displayed on the LCD. This indicates Low power (approximately 1 Watt).
   **NOTE**
   Transmitting on 1 Watt prolongs battery life. Low power (1 Watt) should be selected whenever possible.

4. If using Low power is not effective, select Medium power (2.5 Watts) or High power (5 Watts) by pressing the H/L key until “M” (Medium power) or “H” (High power) is displayed.

5. When receiving a signal, wait until the incoming signal stops before transmitting. The transceiver cannot transmit and receive simultaneously.
6. Press the PTT (Push-To-Talk) switch to transmit. The “TX” indicator is displayed during transmission.
7. Speak slowly and clearly into the microphone. Hold the microphone about ½ to 1 inch away from your mouth.
8. When the transmission is finished, release the PTT switch.

5.4 TRANSMIT TIME - OUT TIMER (TOT)

While the PTT switch is held down, transmission time is limited to 5 minutes. This prevents prolonged (unintentional) transmissions. About 10 seconds before automatic transmitter shutdown, a warning beep sounds from the speaker. The transceiver automatically switches to the receiving mode, even if the PTT switch is held down. Before transmitting again, the PTT switch must first be released, then pressed again. This Time-Out Timer (TOT) prevents a continuous transmission that would result from an accidentally stuck PTT switch.
5.5 USA, CANADIAN, AND INTERNATIONAL BANDS
1. To change the operating band (channel set) of the transceiver, hold down the 16/9 key and press the WX key. The band will change from USA, to International, and to Canadian with each press.
2. “USA” appears on the LCD for the USA band, “INTL” appears for the International band, and “CAN” appears for the Canadian band.

5.6 NOAA WEATHER CHANNELS
1. To receive a NOAA weather channel, press the WX key. The transceiver changes to the weather channel mode. This mode consists of a special pre-set memory bank containing the standard NOAA weather channels.
2. The transceiver will be set to the last-used NOAA weather channel. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to change to other weather channels.
3. To exit from the weather channel mode, press the WX key. The transceiver will revert to the channel you were using prior to switching to the weather channel mode.

5.6.1 NOAA WEATHER ALERT
In the event of extreme weather disturbances such as storms and hurricanes, NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) sends a “weather alert” consisting of a 1050 Hz tone, followed by weather reports on the weather channels. The transceiver is capable of receiving this alert if the following is performed:

1. Program your area’s weather channels into the transceiver’s scan memory. Follow the same procedure as for regular channels under Section 5.7.
2. Press the SCAN key to start the scan.
3. The memorized weather channels are scanned along with the regular memorized channels. Scanning will not stop, however, on the (continuous) weather broadcast channels unless the weather alert tone is received.
4. When an alert is received on a weather channel, scanning stops and the transceiver emits a beeping tone that will stay on for 5 minutes or until the user presses the WX key to listen to the Weather Alert.
5.6.2 NOAA WEATHER ALERT TESTING
In the event of a major storm or other appreciable weather condition requiring vessels at sea or other bodies of water to be notified, the NOAA (National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration) broadcasts a 1050 Hz tone that the HX370S can detect. (Refer to section 5.6.1 “NOAA WEATHER ALERT” on how to use this feature.) This tone, when detected, will produce a loud beep from the radio speaker to signal that a weather alert is being broadcast.

In order to test this system, the NOAA broadcasts the 1050 Hz tone every Wednesday, sometime between 11 AM and 1 PM. Any marine VHF radio that can detect the weather alert tone, may use this test to verify that this feature is functioning properly.

NOTICE
Take care not to damage your hearing when operating with the optional VC-24 VOX Headset or Earpiece. The NOAA Weather Alert Tone will be emitted at full volume, irrespective of the setting of the POWER/VOLUME CONTROL knob.
5.7 SCAN
This transceiver provides a special “Scanning Memory Bank” which allows you to designate certain channels for inclusion in a “loop” which will be scanned at high speed. If an incoming signal is detected on one of the channels in the scanning loop, the radio will pause on that channel, allowing you to listen to the incoming transmission.

1. Select the desired channel to be included in the scanning loop using the [▲] or [▼] key.
2. Press the MEM key to store the channel into the transceiver’s scanning memory. “MEM” will be displayed on the LCD.

3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for all the channels to be scanned.
4. To delete a channel from the transceiver’s scan memory, press the MEM key again while the memorized channel is displayed. “MEM” will disappear from the display.
5. All channels programmed remain in the transceiver’s scan memory even if the power is turned off.
6. Press the SQL key, then press the [▲] or [▼] key until background noise is eliminated.
7. To start scanning, press the SCAN key. The scan proceeds from the lowest to the highest programmed channel number and stops on channels when a transmission is received. Scanning will resume when the squelch closes after the incoming signal disappears at the end of the transmission.
8. To stop the scan, press the SCAN, 16/9, or WX key.
5.8 PROGRAMMABLE PRIORITY SCAN
The priority scanning feature allows the radio to scan while also keeping watch on a particularly important “priority channel.” The following channels can be set as the priority channel: 16, 09, and Preset Channels 1 through 8 (Preset Channels are described in section 5.14).

1. To set the priority channel, hold down the 16/9 key and press the MEM key. The channel will change from 16 to 09 to Preset 1 to Preset 2 to Preset 3 to Preset 4 to Preset 5 to Preset 6 to Preset 7 to Preset 8 with each press of the MEM key. The displayed channel will be set as the priority channel when the 16/9 key is released.

2. For priority scanning, hold down the SCAN key during normal scanning. Scanning will proceed between the memorized channels and the priority channel. The priority channel will be scanned after each programmed channel. “P” is shown on the left side of the channel number during priority scanning.

3. As an example of priority scanning, let us say that channels 06, 07, and 08 are memorized in the transceiver’s scan memory. Priority scanning will proceed in the following sequence:

\[
\text{[CH06] } \Rightarrow \text{[Priority Channel]} \Rightarrow \text{[CH07]} \Rightarrow \text{[Priority Channel]} \Rightarrow \\
\text{[CH08]} \Rightarrow \text{[Priority Channel]} \Rightarrow \text{[CH06]} \Rightarrow \text{[Priority Channel]} \ldots \]

4. Even when the transceiver stops and listens to the signal of a programmed channel, the transceiver will “dual watch” between this channel and the priority channel. Therefore, your priority watching of the designated channel is not compromised when the scanner has paused on an active channel.

5.9 DUAL WATCH
The Dual Watch feature allows the radio to watch for a transmission on the priority channel and another selected Marine channel until a signal is received. The priority channel is determined per the discussion in section 5.8 “PROGRAMMABLE PRIORITY SCAN” as described previously.

1. To start the Dual Watch feature, select a channel to be dual watched with the priority channel and press and hold in the SCAN key. The radio checks the priority channel for voice traffic every one second. A small “DW” icon will be shown blinking on the left of the display during scanning.

2. To cancel the Dual Watch feature, press the SCAN key.
5.10 EMERGENCY (CHANNEL 16 USE)
Channel 16 is known as the Hail and Distress Channel. An emergency may be defined as a threat to life or property. In such instances, be sure the transceiver is on and set to CHANNEL 16. Then use the following procedure:

1. Press the microphone push-to-talk switch and say “Mayday, Mayday, Mayday. This is , , , ” (your vessel's name).
2. Then repeat once: “Mayday, ” (your vessel's name).
3. Now report your position in latitude/longitude, or by giving a true or magnetic bearing (state which) to a well-known landmark such as a navigation aid or geographic feature such as an island or harbor entry.
4. Explain the nature of your distress (sinking, collision, aground, fire, heart attack, life-threatening injury, etc.).
5. State the kind of assistance you desire (pumps, medical aid, etc.).
6. Report the number of persons aboard and condition of any injured.
7. Estimate the present seaworthiness and condition of your vessel.
8. Give your vessel's description: length, design (power or sail), color and other distinguishing marks. The total transmission should not exceed 1 minute.
9. End the message by saying “OVER”. Release the microphone button and listen.
10. If there is no answer, repeat the above procedure. If there is still no response, try another channel.
11. To recall the previously-selected channel, press the 16/9 key again.

5.11 CALLING ANOTHER VESSEL (CHANNEL 16 OR 9)
Channel 16 may be used for initial contact (hailing) with another vessel.

However, its most important use is for emergency messages. This channel must be monitored at all times except when actually using another channel.

It is monitored by the U.S. and Canadian Coast Guards and by other vessels. Use of channel 16 for hailing must be limited to initial contact only. Calling should not exceed 30 seconds, but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals. In areas of heavy radio traffic, congestion on channel 16 resulting from its use as a hailing channel can be reduced significantly in U.S. waters by using Channel 9 as the initial contact (hailing) channel for non-emergency communications. Here, also, calling time should not exceed 30 seconds but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals.
Prior to making contact with another vessel, refer to the channel charts in this manual, and select an appropriate channel for communications after initial contact. For example, Channels 68 and 69 of the U.S. VHF Charts are some of the channels available to non-commercial (recreational) boaters. Monitor your desired channel in advance to make sure you will not be interrupting other traffic, and then go back to either channel 16 or 9 for your initial contact.

When the hailing channel (16 or 9) is clear, state the name of the other vessel you wish to call and then “this is” followed by the name of your vessel and your Station License (Call Sign). When the other vessel returns your call, immediately request another channel by saying “go to,” the number of the other channel, and "over." Then switch to the new channel. When the new channel is not busy, call the other vessel.

After a transmission, say “over,” and release the microphone's push-to-talk (PTT) switch. When all communication with the other vessel is completed, end the last transmission by stating your Call Sign and the word “out.” Note that it is not necessary to state your Call Sign with each transmission, only at the beginning and end of the contact.

Remember to return to Channel 16 when not using another channel. Some radios automatically monitor Channel 16 even when set to other channels or when scanning; see your Owner's Manual.

5.12 OPERATING ON CHANNEL 13
Channel 13 is used at docks, bridges and for maneuvering in port. Messages on this channel must concern navigation only, such as meeting and passing in restricted waters. In emergencies and when approaching blind river bends, High power is allowed. Pressing the H/L key will change the power output from 1 Watt (L) to 5 Watts (H); if pressed again, 2.5 Watts (M) will be selected. When the PTT switch is released, the transceiver will revert to Low power. Press the H/L key again if you need High power on a subsequent transmission.

5.13 OPERATING ON CHANNEL 67
When channel 67 is used for navigational bridge-to-bridge traffic between ships, High or Medium power may be used temporarily (in the USA band) by pressing the H/L key. When the PTT switch released, the transceiver will revert to low power.
5.14 PRESET CHANNELS (1 ~ 8): INSTANT ACCESS
Eight user-assigned channels can be programmed for instant access.

5.14.1 Programming
1. Hold down the PRESET key, and press the [▲] or [▼] key (repeatedly, if necessary) until the desired channel number (from among the regular operating channels) is displayed.
2. With the desired channel number displayed, release the PRESET key. The “1” notation will appear on the LCD display for 1 second, indicating that the displayed channel is now saved in the Preset Channel “1” position. Then the preset channel number will disappear and the display comes back to the normal channel display.

Repeat steps 1 and 2 to program the desired channels into Preset Channels 1 ~ 8.

To delete a Preset Channel, hold down the PRESET key and press the [▲] or [▼] key until the Preset Channel number to be deleted is displayed, then release the PRESET key.

5.14.2 Operation
Pressing the PRESET key toggles between Preset Channel 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and the last selected “regular” channel. Preset Channel 1 is represented by “1” to the right of the channel number on the LCD for 1 second, and channel 2 is represented by “2,” and so forth. Then the preset channel number will disappear and the display comes back to the normal channel display.
5.15 SIMPLEX/DUPLEX CHANNEL USE
All channels are factory-programmed in accordance with FCC (USA), Industry Canada and International regulations. The mode of operation cannot be altered from simplex to duplex or vice-versa. Simplex or duplex mode is automatically activated, depending on the channel and whether the USA, International or Canadian operating band is selected.

5.16 ENABLING S.O.S STROBE OPERATION
The S.O.S. STROBE feature utilizes the high-intensity strobe LED on the front of the HX370S as a visual distress beacon. When enabled, the LED blinks the internationally-recognized Morse Code “S.O.S.” message (•••–––•••) at a rate of 5 words per minute. This can be very useful in summoning help from rescuers who may not be able to communicate with you via radio.

1. Hold down the MEM key while turning the radio on to activate the emergency S.O.S. Strobe. Once the radio comes on, the BUSY/TX LED will flash the Morse Code S.O.S. message repeatedly.
2. The S.O.S strobe will not operate if the squelch is turned off (Squelch must be set to threshold), the radio is receiving a transmission or transmitting.
3. To disable the S.O.S. strobe function, turn the radio off and back on again.
5.17 VOICE SCRAMBLER UNIT
The optional **FVP-31** Voice Scrambler Unit permits secure voice communications with stations within your network, which prevents others from listening using normal communication equipment.

To activate the Voice Scrambler:
1. Turn the radio off.
2. Hold down the **SQL** key, then turn on the transceiver while still holding down the **SQL** key to enter the Setup Mode.
3. Press the **SQL** key momentarily to select the Menu item (SCr).
4. Press the [▲] or [▼] key momentarily select the scramble code (SC1, SC2, SC3, or SC4).
5. When you have completed your selection, press the **SQL** key to save the new setting, and then press the **PTT** switch to exit to normal operation.
6. To disable the Voice Scrambler, select “oFF” in step 4 above.

**Installation of the FVP-31**
1. Make sure that the transceiver is off. Remove the hard or soft case, if used. Remove the battery pack.
2. Locate the connector for the **FVP-31** under the seal in the battery compartment on the back of the transceiver, just peel off the seal.
3. Align the connector on the **FVP-31** with the transceiver’s connector and gently press the unit into place.
4. Place the Sponge Sheet (supplied with the **HX370S**) on the **FVP-31**.
5. Affix the new (supplied with the **FVP-31**) seal, and replace the battery. Installation is now complete.

![Figure 5](image-url)
5.18 SETUP MODE

The HX370S’s Setup Mode allows a number of the HX370S operating parameters to be custom-configured for your operating requirements.

The Setup Mode is easy to activate and set, using the following procedure:

1. Turn the radio off.
2. Hold down the SQL key, then turn on the transceiver while still holding down the SQL key.
3. “SET” will appear on the display, indicating that the Setup Mode has been activated.
4. Press the SQL key to select the Menu item to be adjusted (see below).
5. Press the [▲] or [▼] key select the status or value of the Menu item.
6. After completing your adjustment, press the SQL key to save the new setting, and then press the PTT switch to exit to normal operation.
5.18.1 bEP (KEY BEEP)
**Function:** Enable/Disable the Keypad beeper.
**Available Values:** ON/OFF
**Default:** ON

5.18.2 CHF (CHANNEL FREQUENCY)
**Function:** Enable/Disables the Channel Frequency display.
**Available Values:** ON/OFF
**Default:** OFF

5.18.3 CHn (CHANNEL NAME)
**Function:** Changes the channel name shown on the display.
1. Select the channel on which you wish to change the name before recalling this Menu item.
2. Turn the radio off.
3. Hold down the SQL key, then turn on the transceiver while still holding down the SQL key.
4. “SEt” will appear on the display, indicating that the Setup Mode has been activated.
5. Press the SQL key to select this Menu item “CHn.”
6. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to select the first character (letter, number, or symbol) in the name you wish to change, then press the MEM key to move to the next character.
7. Repeat step 6 as many times as necessary to complete the name tag (up to 12 characters).
8. After completing your adjustment, press the SQL key then PTT switch to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

5.18.4 dUL (DW DISPLAY)
**Function:** Selects the Dual Watch scanning display mode.
**Available Values:** Normal/Special
**Default:** Special
When “Special” is selected, channel number which is the LCD shows received channel.
5.18.5 LP (LAMP MODE)

**Function**: Select the LCD/Keypad Lamp mode.

**Available Values**: KEY/Cnt (Continue)/OFF

**Default**: KEY

- **KEY**: Illuminates the LCD/Keypad for 5 seconds when any key is pressed.
- **Cnt (Continue)**: Illuminates the LCD/Keypad continuously.
- **oFF**: Disables the LCD/Keypad illumination.

5.18.6 SnL (SCAN LAMP)

**Function**: Enable/Disable the Scan lamp while scanning is paused.

**Available Values**: ON/OFF

**Default**: ON

5.18.7 SCn (SCAN DISPLAY)

**Function**: Select the display mode while scanning.

**Available Values**: nor (Normal)/SPL (Special)

**Default**: nor (Normal)

- **nor (Normal)**: The channel number changes when scanning.
- **SPL (Special)**: The channel number only changes when the radio receives a transmission. This lets you see the last channel on which someone called.

5.18.8 Scr (VOICE SCRAMBLER) [Requires optional FVP-31]

**Function**: Enable/Disable the Voice Scrambler.

**Available Values**: OFF/SC0/SC1/SC2/SC3

**Default**: OFF

5.19 CLONING
The HX370S includes a convenient “Clone” feature, which allows the memory and configuration data from one transceiver to be transferred to another HX370S.

1. Turn both radios off.
2. Connect the (optional) CT-32 Clone Cable between the MIC/SP jacks of the two transceivers.
3. Hold down the PRESET key and then turn on the transceiver. Do this for both transceivers (the order of switching the radios on does not matter); “CLn” will appear on the display on both transceivers.
4. On the Destination transceiver, press the PRESET key (“Cr” will appear on the LCD).
5. Press the 16/9 key on the Source transceiver; “CS” will appear on the Source radio, and the data will now be transferred.
6. If there is a problem during the cloning process, “CEr” will be displayed. Check your cable connections and battery voltage, and try again.
7. If the data transfer is successful, the Destination transceiver will return to normal operation; Turn both transceivers off and disconnect the Clone cable. You can then turn the transceivers back on, and begin normal operation.
6. MAINTENANCE

To receive warranty service, the purchaser must deliver the Product, transportation and insurance prepaid, to STANDARD HORIZON Marine Repair Department (a division of VERTEX STANDARD), 10900 Walker Street Cypress, CA 90630. Include proof of purchase indicating model, serial number, and date of purchase. STANDARD HORIZON will return the Product to the purchaser freight prepaid. For general troubleshooting, refer to this Troubleshooting Chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMPTOM</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The <strong>SCAN</strong> key does not start the scan.</td>
<td>No channels memorized.</td>
<td>Use the <strong>MEM</strong> key to enter desired channels into the transceiver’s memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Squelch is not adjusted.</td>
<td>Adjust the squelch to threshold or to the point where noise just disappears. Further adjustment of the squelch control may eliminate incoming signals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The <strong>USA/INTL/CAN</strong> modes do not function.</td>
<td>Proper operation not followed.</td>
<td><strong>HOLD</strong> down the <strong>16/9</strong> key and press the <strong>WX</strong> key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press and holding the <strong>SQL</strong> key does not eliminate background noise.</td>
<td>Low battery.</td>
<td>Charge battery. Refer to section 3 of this manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cannot change any function.</td>
<td>Key Lock is on.</td>
<td>Turn Key Lock off. Refer to section 4.1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Lock does not function.</td>
<td>Proper operation not followed.</td>
<td>Hold down the <strong>H/L</strong> key for 1 second.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicator does not light when charging a battery.</td>
<td>Defective battery <strong>FNB-83/-V57IS</strong> or corroded contacts on battery or charger.</td>
<td>Contact your Standard Horizon dealer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. PRODUCT SUPPORT INQUIRIES

If you have any questions or comments regarding the use of the HX370S, you can visit the STANDARD HORIZON Web site (www.standardhorizon.com), send an E-mail marinetech@vxstdusa.com, or contact the Product Support team at (800)767-2450 M-F 7:00-5:00PST.

8. CHANNEL ASSIGNMENTS

Tables on the following columns list the VHF Marine Channel assignments for U.S.A. and International use. Below are listed some data about the charts.

1. VTS. Where indicated, these channels are part of the U.S. Coast Guard’s Vessel Traffic System.

2. Alpha channel numbers, that is, channel numbers followed by the letter A (such as Channel 07A) are simplex channels on the U.S.A. or Canadian channel assignments whose counterparts in the International assignments are duplex channels. International channels do not use “Alpha” numbers. If you call the Coast Guard on Channel 16, they will sometimes ask you to “go to channel 22 Alpha.” This is a channel assigned to U.S.A, and Canadian Coast Guards for handling distress and other calls. If your radio is set for International operation you will go to Channel 22 instead of 22A, and will not be able to communicate with the Coast Guard. To use Channel 22A, your radio must be set for USA or Canada operation, usually by a U/I/C (USA/International/Canada) control or combination of controls. Channel 22 (without an “A” is an International duplex channel for port operations. Some radios indicate an “A” adjacent to the alpha channels on the display; on others “Alpha” is not indicated but the proper channel is selected based on the U/I/C setting.

3. Bridge-to-Bridge channels (for example, Channel 13) are for use by bridge operators on intercoastal waterways and rivers. It is also used by marine vessels in the vicinity of these bridges for navigation and for communicating with the bridge operators. Note that a limit of 1 Watt is specified for these channels. See page 23 for additional information.

4. The S/D column on the chart indicates either S (simplex) or D (duplex). Simplex means transmitting and receiving on the same frequency. Only one party at a time can talk, unlike a telephone. Be sure to say “over” and release your microphone push-to-talk switch at the end of each transmission. Duplex operation involves the use of one frequency for transmitting and a separate frequency for receiving. On channels specified
as duplex on the charts, correct mode of operation is established automatically by your radio when you select a channel; you cannot change the mode. And you still must release the push-to-talk switch after each transmission in order to listen to the radio.

5. Channels normally used by recreational boaters are those that include the term “non-commercial” in the Channel Use column of the chart. Some of these are shared with other users and some are used only in certain geographic regions.

6. **Marine vessels equipped with VHF radios are required to monitor Channel 16.**

### VHF Marine Channel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CH</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>S/D</th>
<th>TX</th>
<th>RX</th>
<th>CHANNEL USE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.050</td>
<td>160.650</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.050</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operation and Commercial. VTS in selected areas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.100</td>
<td>160.700</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.150</td>
<td>160.750</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.150</td>
<td></td>
<td>US Government only, Coast Guard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.200</td>
<td>160.800</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.200</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pacific coast: Coast Guard, East Coast: Commercial fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.250</td>
<td>160.850</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.250</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in Seattle</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.300</td>
<td>Inter-ship Safety</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.350</td>
<td>160.950</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.350</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.400</td>
<td>Commercial (Inter-ship only)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.450</td>
<td>Boater Calling channel, Commercial &amp; Non-commercial (Recreational)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.500</td>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.550</td>
<td>Commercial. VTS in selected areas.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.600</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in selected areas.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.650</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inter-ship Navigation Safety (Bridge-to-bridge)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.700</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in selected areas.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>- - -</td>
<td>156.750</td>
<td>Environmental (Receive only)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.750</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial, non-commercial, ship movement (1 W)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.800</td>
<td>International Distress, Safety and Calling</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.850</td>
<td>State Controlled (1 W)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.900</td>
<td>161.500</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.900</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td>161.550</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Commercial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td></td>
<td>Coast Guard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>U</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>S/D</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>RX</td>
<td>CHANNEL USE</td>
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<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Distress, Safety and Calling</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>156.800</td>
<td>156.800 EPRIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intership Safety</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>156.300</td>
<td>......... a. Intership, or b. For SAR: Ship and aircraft for the U.S. Coast Guard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environmental</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>156.750</td>
<td>......... Coast to ship only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maritime Control</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>156.850</td>
<td>156.850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Liaison, U.S. Coast Guard</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22A</td>
<td>157.100</td>
<td>157.100 Ship, aircraft, and coast stations of the U.S. Coast Guard and at Lake Mead, Nev., ship and coast stations of the National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator) channels</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>157.200</td>
<td>161.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>157.225</td>
<td>161.825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>157.250</td>
<td>161.850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>157.275</td>
<td>161.875</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>157.300</td>
<td>161.900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td>157.325</td>
<td>161.925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>157.350</td>
<td>161.950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>157.375</td>
<td>161.975</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>157.400</td>
<td>162.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>157.425</td>
<td>162.025</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. 156.050 MHz and 156.175 MHz are available for port operations and commercial communications purposes when used only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) area of New Orleans, on the lower Mississippi River from the various pass entrances in the Gulf of Mexico to Devil’s Swamp Light at River Mile 242.4 above head of passes near Baton Rouge.

2. 156.250 MHz is available for port operations communications use only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated VTS radio protection areas of New Orleans and Houston described in Sec. 80.383. 156.250 MHz is available for intership port operations communications used only within the area of Los Angeles and Long Beach harbors, within a 25- nautical mile radius of Point Fermin, California.

3. 156.550 MHz, 156.600 MHz and 156.700 MHz are available in the U.S. Coast Guard designated port areas only for VTS communications and in the Great Lakes available primarily for communications relating to the movement of ships in sectors designated by the St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation or the U.S. Coast Guard. The use of these frequencies outside VTS and ship movement sector protected areas is permitted provided they cause no interference to VTS and ship movement communications in their respective designated sectors.

4. Use of 156.875 MHz is limited to communications with pilots regarding the movement and docking of ships. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt.

5. 156.375 MHz and 156.650 MHz are available primarily for intership navigational communications. These frequencies are available between coast and ship on a secondary basis when used on or in the vicinity of locks or drawbridges. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt. Maximum output power must not exceed 10 watts for coast stations or 25 watts for ship stations.

6. On the Great Lakes, in addition to bridge-to-bridge communications, 156.650 MHz is available for vessel control purposes in established vessel traffic systems. 156.650 MHz is not available for use in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Midchannel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above Head of Passes near Baton Rouge. Additionally it is not available for use in the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet, the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal, and the Inner Harbor Navigational Canal, except to aid the transition from these areas.

7. Use of 156.375 MHz is available for navigational communications only in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Mid-channel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above head of Passes near Baton Rouge, and in addition over the full length of the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal from entrance to its junction with the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal, and over the all length of the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal from its junction with the Mississippi River to its entry to Lake Pontchartrain at the New Seabrook vehicular bridge.
8. Within 120 km (75 miles) of the United States/Canada border, in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and its approaches, 157.425 MHz is half of the duplex pair designated as Channel 88. In this area, Channel 88 is available to ship stations for communications with public coast stations only. More than 120 km (75 miles) from the United States/Canada border in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca, its approaches, the Great Lakes, and the St. Lawrence Seaway, 157.425 MHz is available for intership and commercial communications. Outside Puget Sound area and its approaches and the Great Lakes, 157.425 MHz is also available for communications between commercial fishing vessels and associated aircraft while engaged in commercial fishing activities.

9. When the frequency 156.850 MHz is authorized, it may be used additionally for search and rescue training exercises conducted by state or local governments.

10. The frequency 156.850 MHz is additionally available to coast stations on the Great Lakes for transmission of scheduled Coded Marine Weather Forecasts (MAFOR), Great Lakes Weather Broadcast (LAWEB) and scheduled Notices to Mariners or Bulletins. F3C and J3C emissions are permitted. Coast Stations on the Great Lakes must cease weather broadcasts which cause interference to stations operating on 156.800 MHz until the interference problem is resolved.

11. The frequency 157.100 MHz is authorized for search and rescue training exercises by state or local government in conjunction with U.S. Coast Guard stations. Prior U.S. Coast Guard approval is required. Use must cease immediately on U.S. Coast Guard request.

12. The duplex pair for channel 20 (157.000/161.600 MHz) may be used for ship to coast station communications.

13. Available for assignment to coast stations, the use of which is in accord with an agreed program, for the broadcast of information to ship stations concerning the environmental conditions in which vessels operate, i.e., weather; sea conditions; time signals; notices to mariners; and hazards to navigation.

14. Available only in the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca.

15. The frequency 156.525 MHz is to be used exclusively for distress, safety and calling using digital selective calling techniques. No other uses are permitted.

16. The frequency 156.450 MHz is available for intership, ship and coast general purpose calling by noncommercial vessels, such as recreational boats and private coast stations.

17. The frequency 156.425 MHz is assigned by rule to private coast stations in Alaska for facsimile transmissions as well as voice communications.
9. WARRANTY

Marine Products Limited Warranty

STANDARD HORIZON (a division of VERTEX STANDARD) warrants, to the original purchaser only, each new Marine Communications Product (“Product”) manufactured and/or supplied by STANDARD HORIZON against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of time from the date of purchase as follows:

3 years Waterproof - if purchased after 01/01/94

Associated Chargers
3 years - if purchased after 01/01/91

Associated Batteries - 1 year. Note: Batteries will be deemed defective only if storage capacity drops below 80% of rated capacity or if leakage develops.


In the event of a defect, malfunction or failure of the Product during the warranty period, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for any breach of contract or any breach of express or implied warranties in connection with the sale of Products shall be limited solely to repair or replacement, at its option, of the Product or part(s) therein which, upon examination by STANDARD HORIZON, appear to be defective or not up to factory specifications. STANDARD HORIZON may, at its option, repair or replace parts or subassemblies with new or reconditioned parts and subassemblies. Parts thus repaired or replaced are warranted for the balance of the original applicable warranty.

STANDARD HORIZON will not warrant installation, maintenance or service of the Products. In all instances, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for damages shall not exceed the purchase price of the defective Product.

This warranty only extends to Products sold within the 50 States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia.

STANDARD HORIZON will pay all labor to repair the product and replacement parts charges incurred in providing the warranty service except where purchaser abuse or other qualifying exceptions exist. The purchaser must pay any transportation expenses incurred in returning the Product to STANDARD HORIZON for service.
This limited warranty does not extend to any Product which has been sub-
jected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring by anyone other than
STANDARD HORIZON, improper installation, or subjected to use in viola-
tion of instructions furnished by STANDARD HORIZON, nor does this war-
ranty extend to Products on which the serial number has been removed,
defaced, or changed. STANDARD HORIZON cannot be responsible in any
way for ancillary equipment not furnished by STANDARD HORIZON which
is attached to or used in connection with STANDARD HORIZON’s Products,
or for the operation of the Product with any ancillary equipment and all such
equipment is expressly excluded from this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON
disclaims liability for range, coverage, or operation of the Product and ancil-
lary equipment as a whole under this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON re-
serves the right to make changes or improvements in Products, during sub-
sequent production, without incurring the obligation to install such changes
or improvements on previously manufactured Products.

The implied warranties which the law imposes on the sale of this Product
are expressly LIMITED, in duration, to the time period specified above. STAN-
DARD HORIZON shall not be liable under any circumstances for conse-
quential damages resulting from the use and operation of this Product, or
from the breach of this LIMITED WARRANTY, any implied warranties, or
any contract with STANDARD HORIZON. IN CONNECTION WITH THE
SALE OF ITS PRODUCTS, STANDARD HORIZON MAKES NO WARRAN-
TIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED AS TO THE MERCHANTABILITY OR FIT-
NESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS
EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or conse-
quential damages, or limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts, so
the above limitations or exclusions may not apply. This warranty gives spe-
cific legal rights, and there may be other rights which may vary from state to
state.

ONLY PRODUCTS SOLD ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 1991 ARE COV-
ERED UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.

In addition to the warranty, STANDARD HORIZON includes a lifetime “flat
rate” program to provide service after the warranty period has expired. If you
wish to obtain the flat rate price for out-of-warranty repair, you must include
the information on the Owner's Record with the unit when you return it to
STANDARD HORIZON.
Note: The flat rate amount is payable by the Owner only if STANDARD HORIZON or the STANDARD HORIZON Dealer determines that a repair is needed. After the repair, a 90-day warranty will be in effect from the date of return of the unit to the Owner.

This service program is not available for equipment which has failed as a result of neglect, accident, breakage, misuse, improper installation or modification.

**ON-LINE WARRANTY REGISTRATION**

Please visit www.standardhorizon.com to register the HX370S Marine VHF. It should be noted that visiting the Web site from time to time may be beneficial to you, as new products are released they will appear on the STANDARD HORIZON Web site.
10. SPECIFICATIONS

10.1 General

**Frequency range:**
156 MHz - 163.275 MHz (Marine Band + WX Band)
Channel Steps: 25 kHz
137 MHz - 174 MHz (LMR)
Channel Steps: 12.5 / 25 kHz

**Frequency stability:** ± 2.5 ppm (–22 °F to +140 °F [-30 °C to +60 °C])

**Emission type:** 16K0G3E, 16K0F3E, 11K0F3E

**Antenna impedance:** 50 Ohms

**Supply voltage:** 7.2 VDC

**Current consumption:**
- 200 mA (Receive)
- 40 mA (Standby, Saver Off)
- TX: 1.4 A (H)/0.9 A (M)/0.5 A (L)

**Operating Temperature:** –22 °F to +140 °F (–30 °C to +60 °C)

**Waterproof rating:** 30 minutes @ 1 meter depth (JIS 7)

**Case Size (W x H x D):** 2.3” x 4.7” x 1.2” (58 x 120 x 30.5 mm)

**Weight (Approx):** 13.4 oz (380 g) with FNB-83

10.2 Transmitter

**RF output power:** 5 W/2.5 W/1 W @7.2 V

**Modulation Type:** Variable Reactance

**Max deviation:** ±5 kHz (Wide)
±2.5 kHz (Narrow)

**Spurious emissions:** At least 73 dB down

**Microphone impedance:** 2 k-Ohm

10.3 Receiver

**Circuit type:** Double-conversion superheterodyne

**Intermediate Frequencies:**
1st: 21.7 MHz
2nd: 450 kHz

**Sensitivity:** 0.25 µV 12 dB SINAD

**Adjacent channel selectivity:** 70 dB

**Intermodulation response:** 70 dB

**Selectivity:**
- 12 kHz / 25 kHz (–6 dB/–60 dB) (Wide)
- 6 kHz / 18 kHz (–6 dB/–60 dB) (Narrow)

**AF output:** 600 mW @ 16 Ohm for 10 % THD (@7.2V)
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

Part 15.21: Changes or modifications to this device not expressly approved by Vertex Standard could void the User’s authorization to operate this device.